

A Study on Solar-driven Water-saving Irrigation Equipment

Delan Zhu

Northwest A & F University

Institute of Water-saving Agriculture in Arid Areas of China

2023.10

- 1. Background**
- 2. Solar-driven hard hose traveler**
- 3. Solar-driven canal feeding lateral move sprinkler**
- 4. Photovoltaic sun-tracking device**
- 5. Field application**
- 6. Research prospect**

mountain economic forest



orchard



Diesel drive



- Lack of electricity in remote areas
- The development of water-saving irrigation is blocked
- The pollution of diesel pump irrigation system is serious
- Solar-driven Irrigation

Photovoltaic drive





- Solar spray drip irrigation is widely used
- Solar energy is used to lighting
- China 's cultivated land accounts for 69.3% in mountainous, and only 30.73% in plains and basins.
- Photovoltaic irrigation supply and demand need to adjust measures to local conditions



2. Solar-driven hard hose traveler

- ✓ **Stand-alone PV system**
- ✓ **Hose reel cart**
- ✓ **Fertilizing device**
- ✓ **Traction device**

FIGURE 1

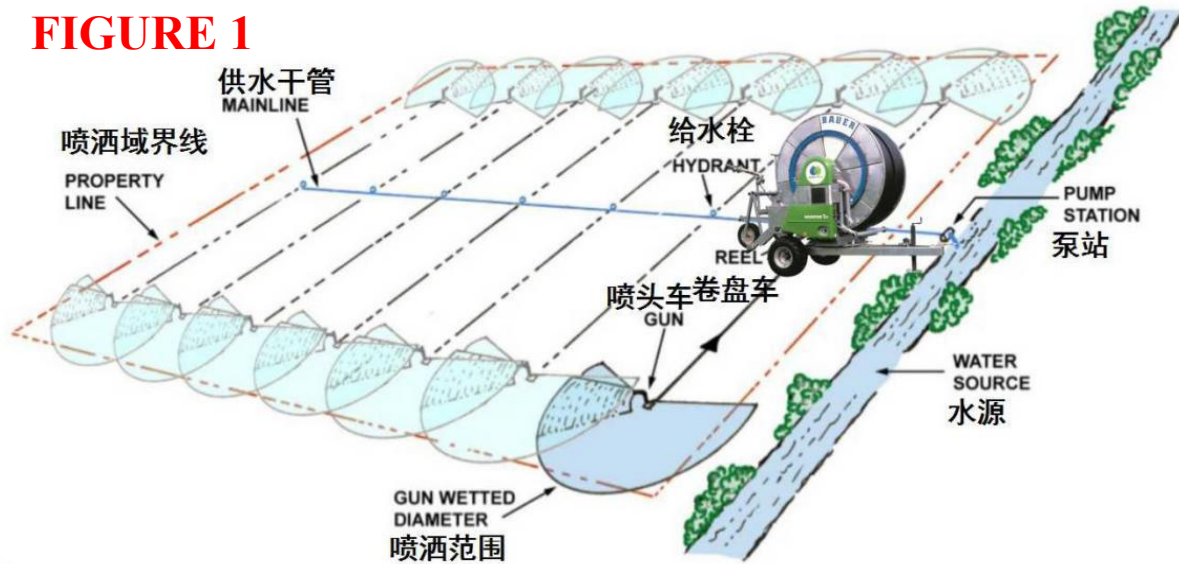


FIGURE 2



FIGURE 3

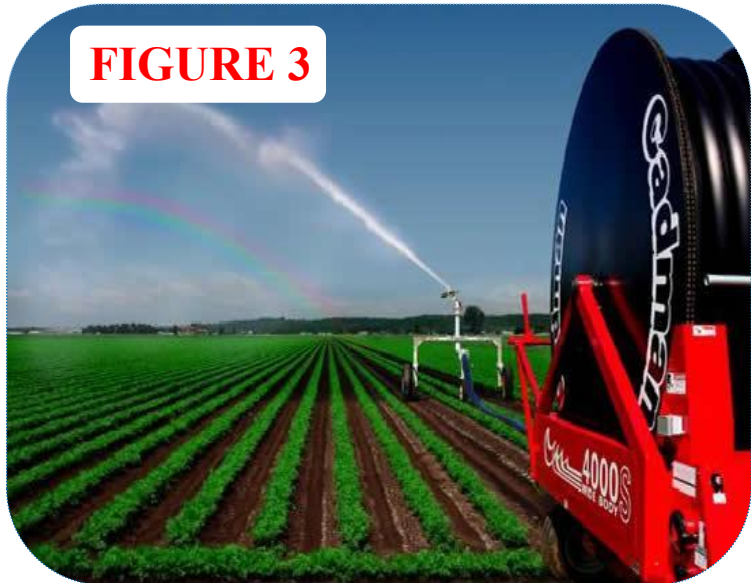
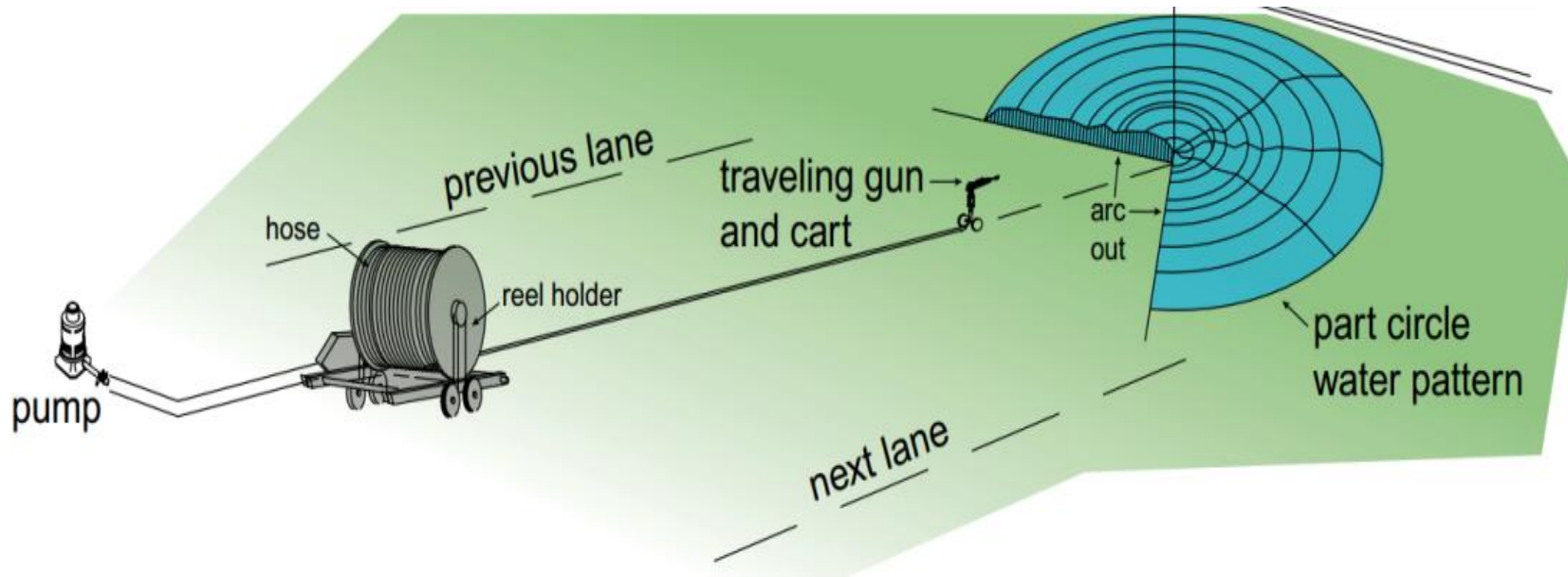


FIGURE 4



1. Pump station
2. Multi sprinkler (or single gun sprinkler) cart
3. Hose reel cart
4. Tractor



Operation schematic diagram of hard hose traveler

- ✓ High inlet water pressure (0.7 MPa): tractor-dragged ; waterturbine
- ✓ Sandy water block waterturbine
- ✓ Relative short truss (<30 m)
- ✓ Lack electric power supply; automatic control can not be used



- ✓ **Solar driven: energy saving, environmental friendly and high reliability.**
- ✓ **Optimized truss structure size. Decrease cost; save driving energy**
- ✓ **Low energy consumption: $<0.3\text{MPa}$ for multi-nozzle type and $<0.5\text{MPa}$ for single sprinkler type**
- ✓ **Automatic starting up, shutdown and walking**
- ✓ **Integration of water and fertilizer**

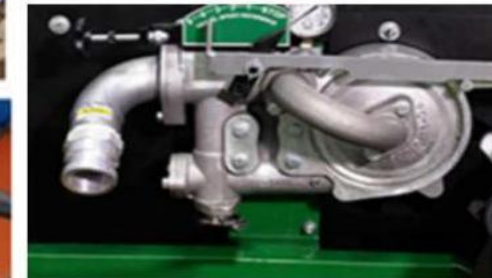
- ✓ **Solar-driven instead of water turbine and inlet water pressure down from 0.8 MPa to 0.5 MPa.**
- ✓ **Annual cost decrease by 20%**
- ✓ **Speed control system ensures a constant moving speed of sprinklers cart and high irrigation uniformity.**



Composition of solar driven system



Motor drive



Water turbine driven

2014 - 11 - 14 **智能喷灌机控制系统** 9 : 41 : 7

当前状态：停止

电子尺位置： 0.15 cm 流量： 0.00 压力： 0.00

太阳能板电压： 14.90 V 太阳能累计发电： 5.13

太阳能发电流： 0.00 A 负载累计用电： 0.00

蓄电池电压： 49.68 V 蓄电池浮充： 0.00

负载电流： 0.26 A 低保护电压： 54.80

蓄电池温度： 13 °C 低恢复电压： 42.80

蓄电池电荷量： 60

运行时间： 41

手动/自动 普通/精确 停止/运行 参数设置



2014 年 11 月 14 日 **智能喷灌机参数设置** 9 : 38 : 56

转盘直径： 8.00 一层起始： 2.00

高档设定： 30.00 二层起始： 4.00

低档设定： 50.00 三层起始： 6.00

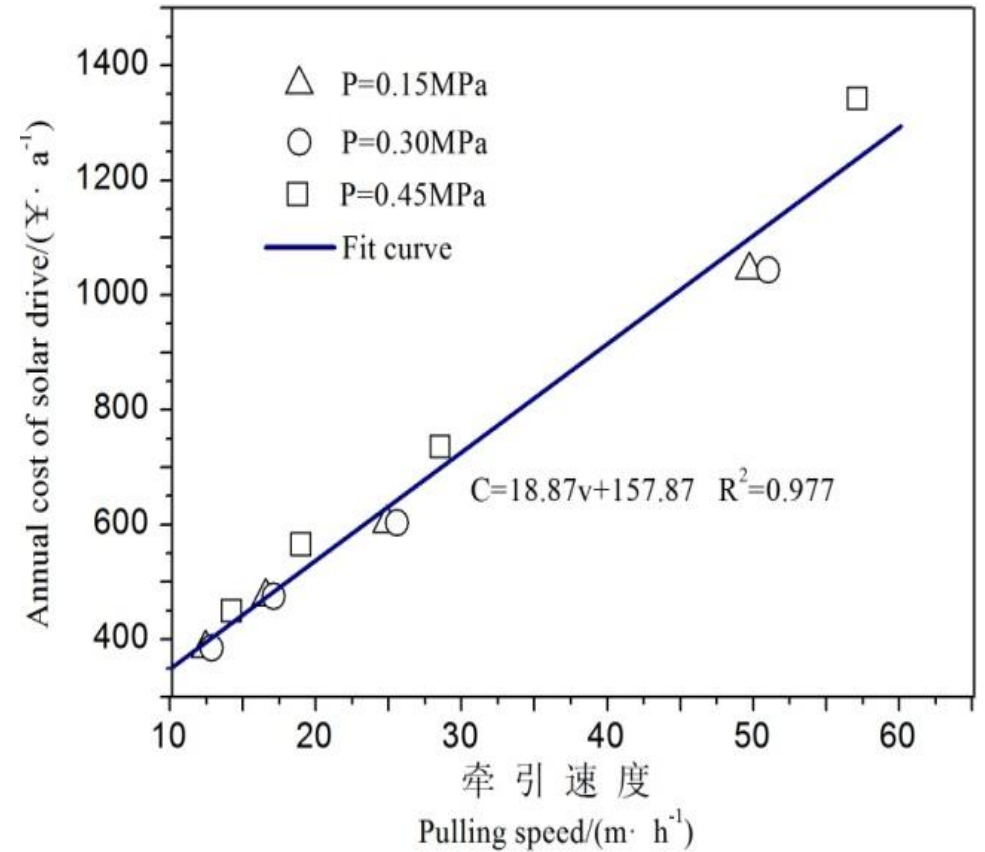
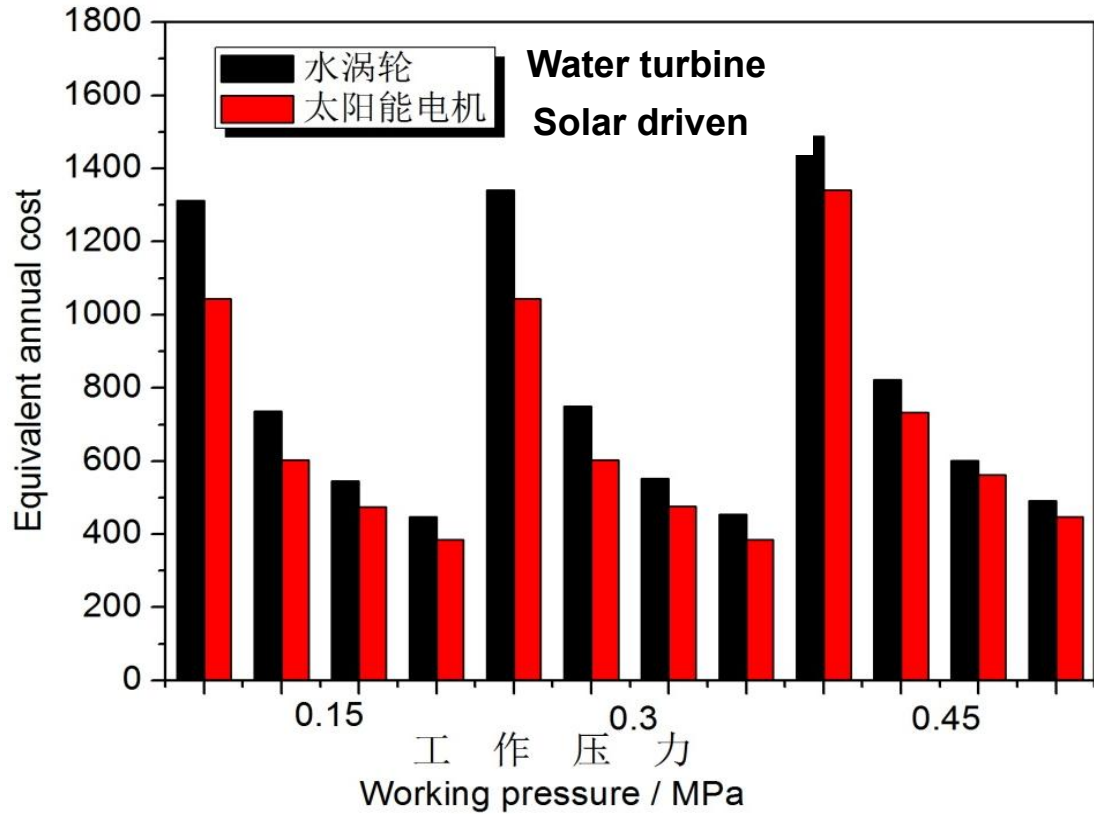
流量设定： 30.00 四层起始： 8.00

喷头口径： 50.00 五层起始： 9.00

速度设定： 50.00 停机位置： 0.00

Control panel 返回

- ✓ **Intelligent control: Start/Stop, automatic alarm, speed regulation, irrigation account**
- ✓ **Automatic monitoring: power generation, battery storage stage, load power, walking speed**

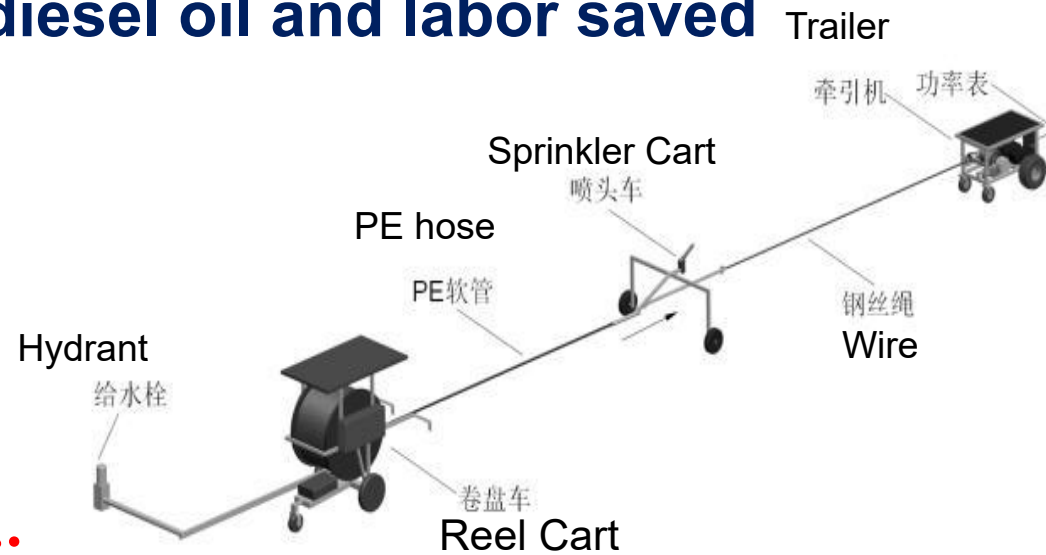


✓ **EAC of solar driven system is 10%~20% lower than EAC of water turbine system under various moving speed and water pressure.**

✓ **Relationship between pulling speed and EAC under various operating pressures**

Objective:

- ✓ instead of farm tractor to avoid harm of crops; diesel oil and labor saved



Characteristic:

- ✓ Adjustable moving speed (0-15 m/min)
- ✓ Control device: control moving speed monitoring solar electric charge
- ✓ steel wire was twined uniformity



Pressure boosting-Traction-Fertilization



Objective:

- ✓ Decrease cost
- ✓ Easy to manage



Characteristic:

- ✓ Traction of gun cart
- ✓ Water pressure booster
- ✓ Fertilizer injection
- ✓ Traction of hose reel cart



- ✓ **Applicable to integration on water and fertilizer in any pressurized pipe irrigation**
- ✓ **Easy to operate and move**

Fertilizer flow under different pressure and pump stroke

Stroke(%) \ Pressure(m)	20	40	60	80	100
10	40	66.7	89.5	113.5	130.4
20	39.1	65.3	87.1	111.3	127.3
30	38.4	64.9	85.3	108	126.3
40	36.5	62.7	86.3	108	124.5
50	35.2	61.3	84.7	106	122
Average	37.8	64.2	86.6	109.4	126.1

- ✓ Fertilizer amount can be regulated by electrical frequency of pump
- ✓ Main pipe pressure shows little effect on fertilizer amount

3. Solar-driven canal feeding lateral move sprinkler

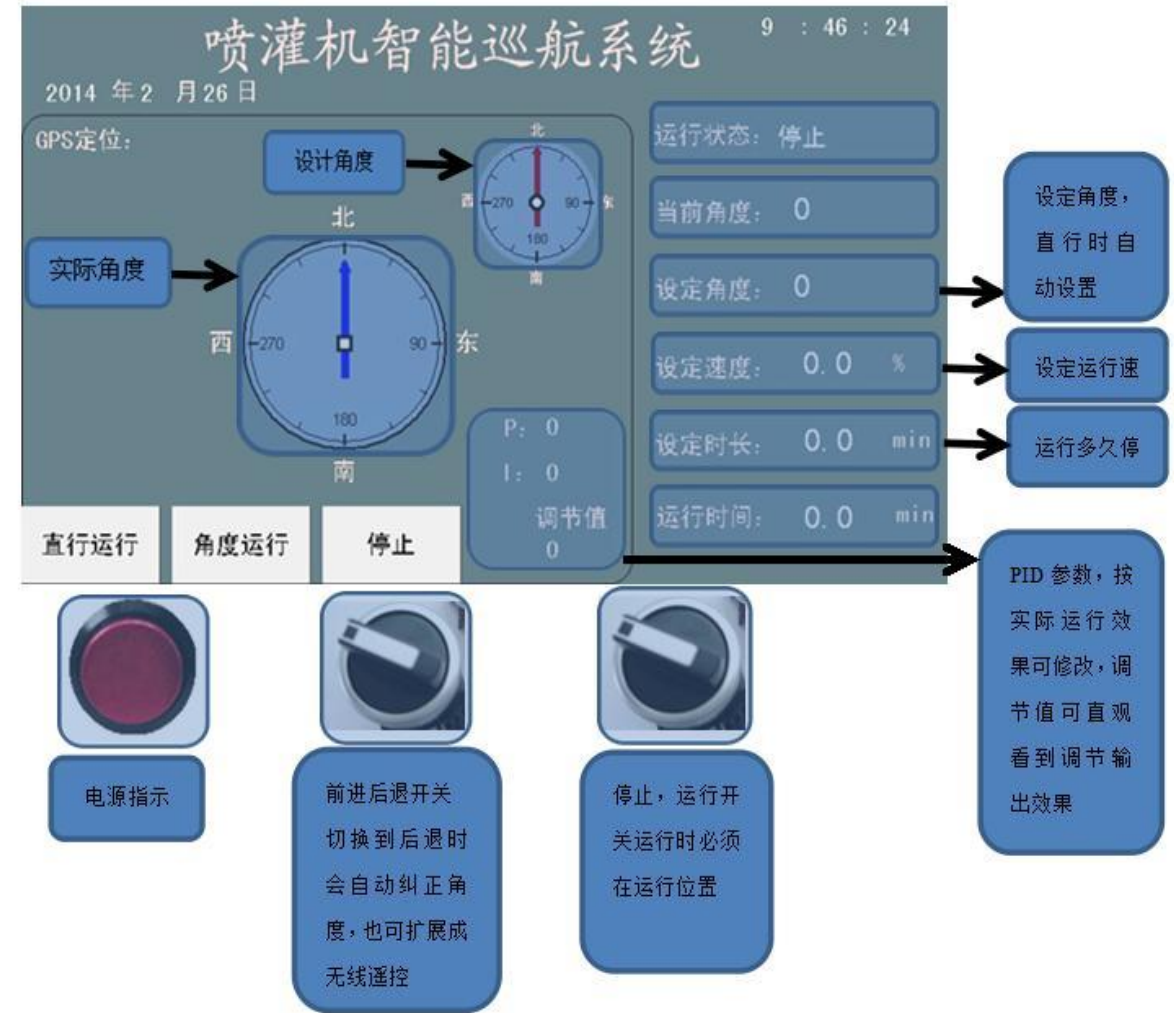
- ✓ **GPS navigation**
- ✓ **Precision irrigation**
- ✓ **Truss structural optimization**
- ✓ **Low pressure sprinkler nozzle**



Characteristic:

- ✓ Canal transport water instead of reel cart and decrease water head friction loss
- ✓ Composed by PV system, body frame, canal, pump, filter, navigation system.
- ✓ Pumping head reduces to less than 0.2 MPa, totally solar powered, intellectual control and low cost.

- ✓ GPS navigation
- ✓ Intelligent control: Start/Stop, automatic alarm, speed regulation, quantitative irrigation.
- ✓ Automatic monitoring: power generation, battery storage stage, load power
- ✓ Precise irrigation



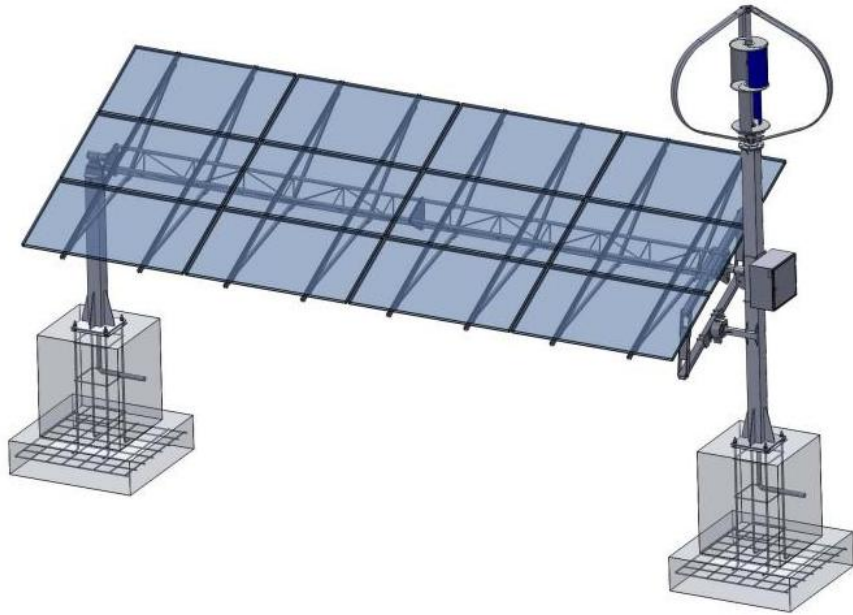
Intelligent cruise control interface



- ✓ Fertilizer is injected to irrigation pipe without electric
- ✓ The flow rate is regulated by pump frequency converter. It is accurate and stable

4. Photovoltaic sun-tracking device

- ✓ **Physical design**
- ✓ **Entity construction and performance verification**
- ✓ **Applicative prospect**



Two point support

Single axis sun tracing structure diagram

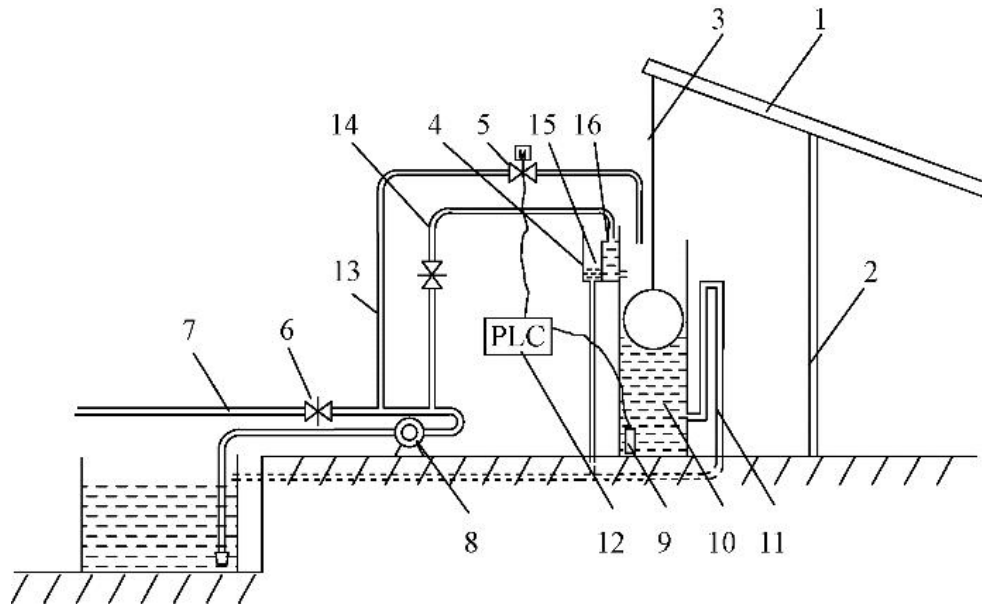


Single point support

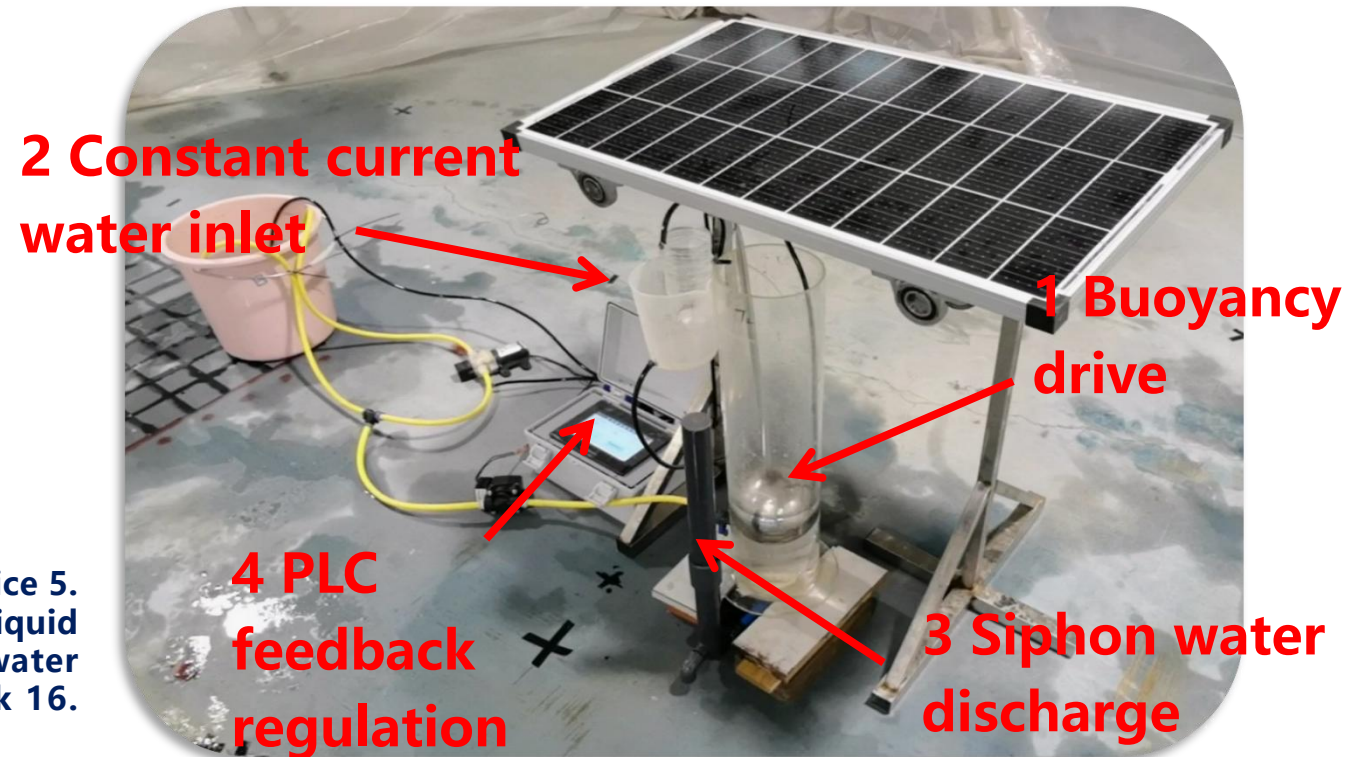
Physical picture of two-axis tracking device

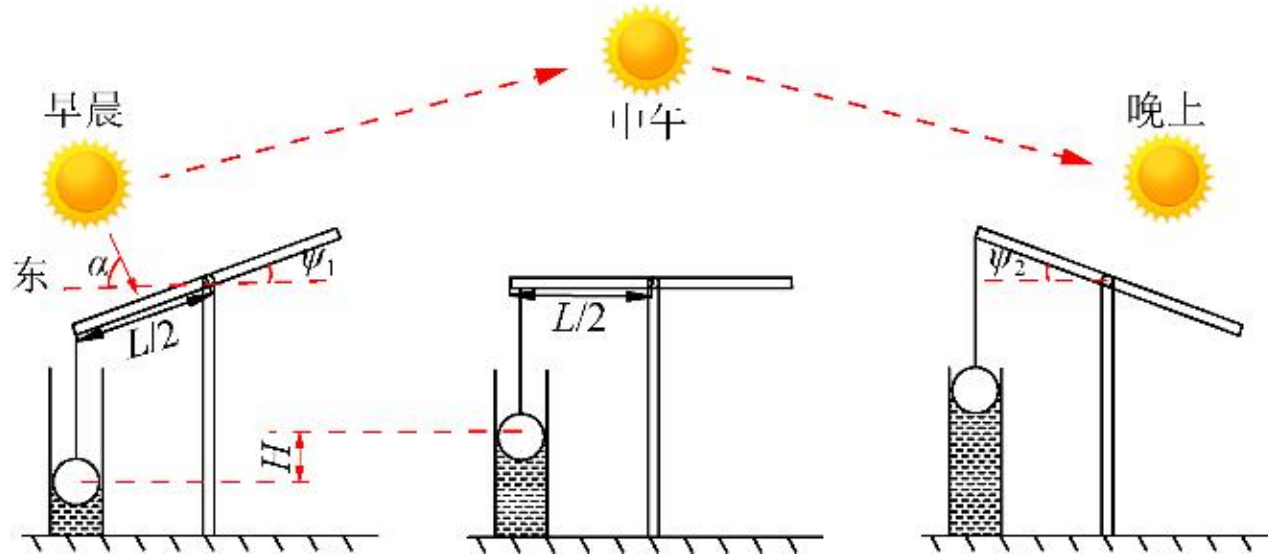
At present, the energy utilization rate of photovoltaic irrigation system is less than 5%. In order to make photovoltaic panels receive more solar energy and improve energy utilization rate, single-axis or double-axis brackets are often set up to realize the sun-tracking function.

- ✓ Design points: High stability, full energy utilization, simple structure and low cost
- ✓ Design principle: Buoyancy drive; Constant current water inlet; Siphon water discharge; PLC feedback regulation



1. Solar panel 2. Bracket 3. Steel rod 4. Constant flow water inlet device 5. Solenoid valve 6. Gate valve 7. Water main 8. Photovoltaic pump 9. Liquid level sensor 10. Float 11. Siphon drain pipe 12. PLC 13. Secondary water refill pipe 14. Constant current water supply pipe 15. Drain tank 16. Overflow tank





- ✓ Determine the relationship between the rotation angle of the photovoltaic panel and the solar azimuth angle.
- ✓ Calculate the rising height of the float
- ✓ Determine the change rule of water tank replenishment flow with the position of the sun

Solar azimuth angle

$$\cos \varepsilon = \sin \alpha$$

Angle of photovoltaic panel

$$H = \frac{1}{2} L (\sin \psi_1 + \sin \varepsilon)$$

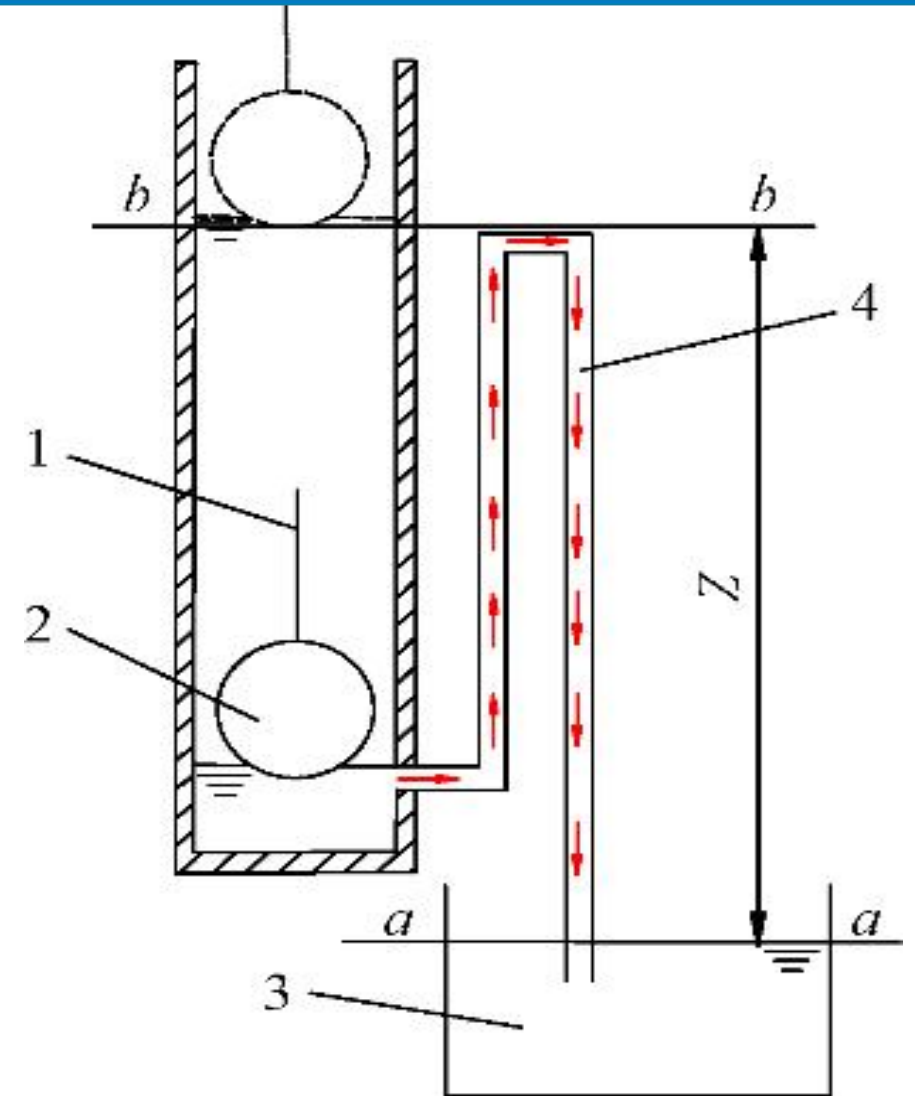
$$(\psi_1 \leq \varepsilon \leq \psi_2)$$

Height of rise of float

$$Q = \frac{\pi r^2 H}{t_{s2} - t_{s1}}$$

Water tank replenishment flow

- ✓ The device is composed of right-angle bends with the end leading to the reservoir
- ✓ When the liquid level of the water tank rises to the highest position of the siphon pipe, the siphon effect is generated and the water tank is automatically emptied



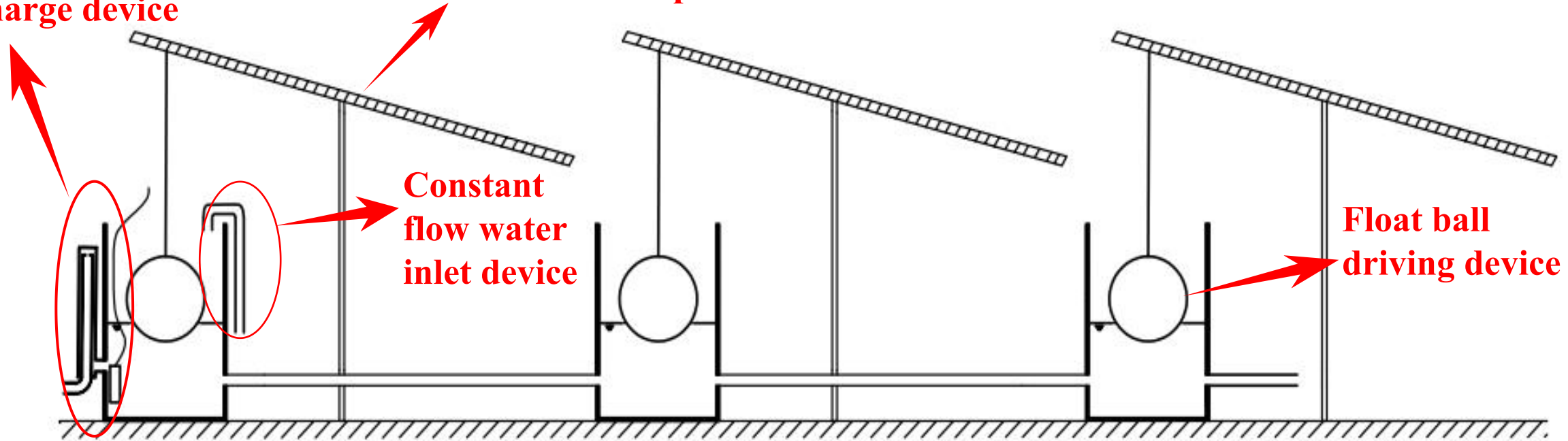
Signs of siphon discharge device

Signs of siphon discharge device

Photovoltaic panels

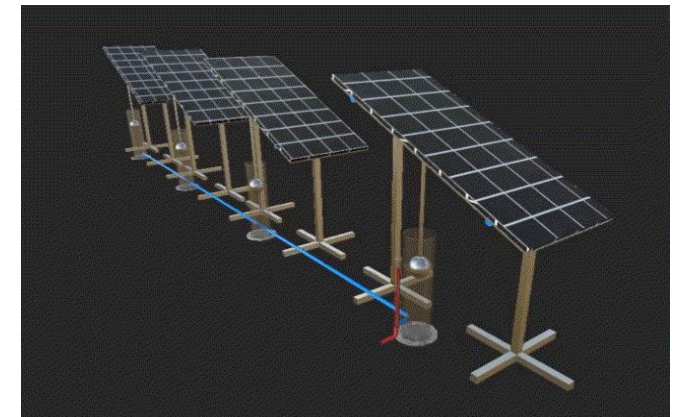
Constant flow water inlet device

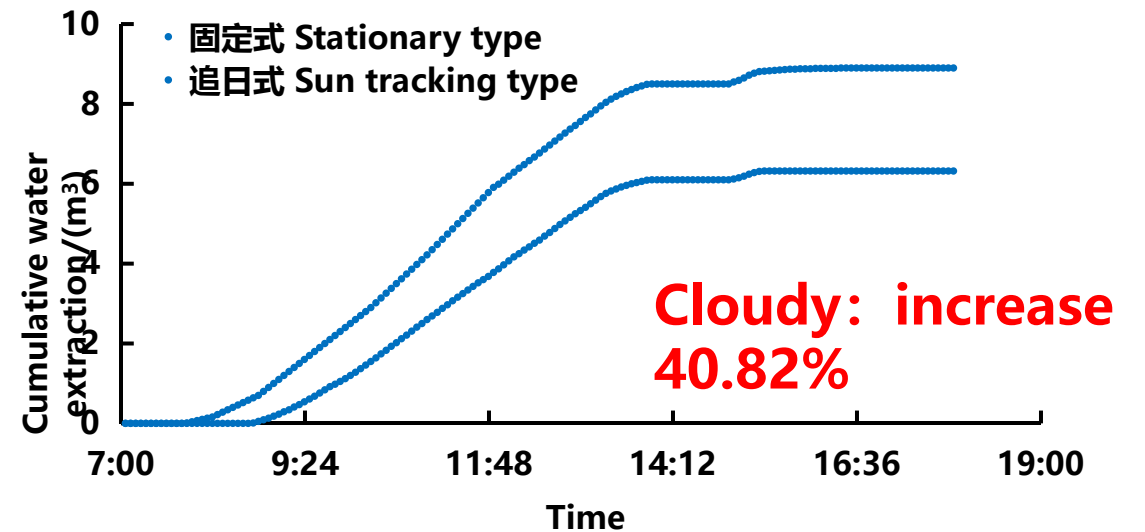
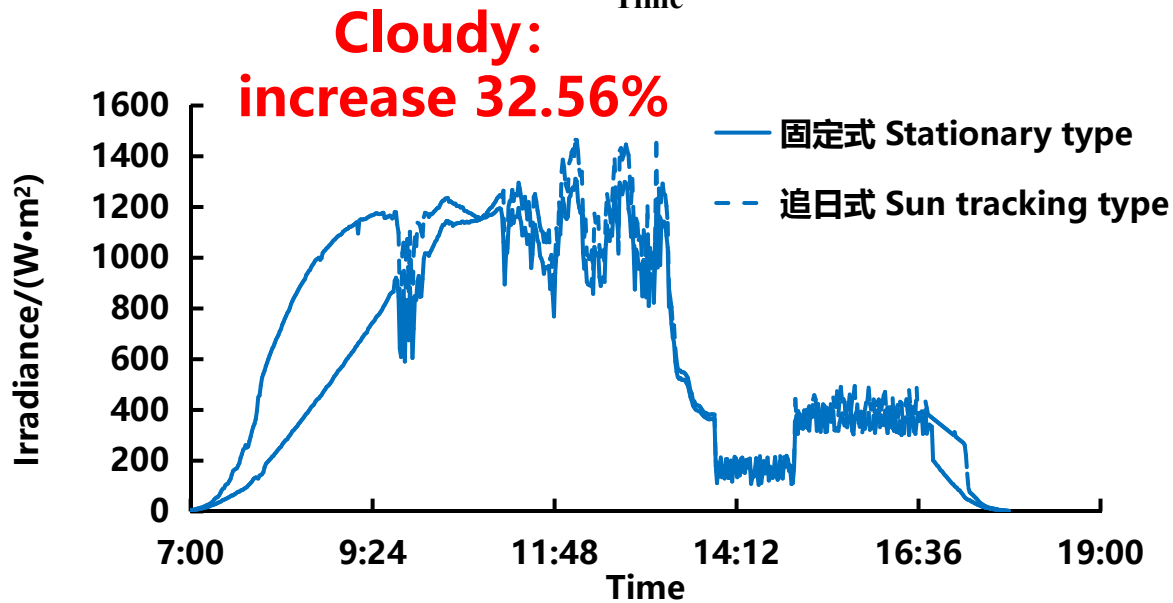
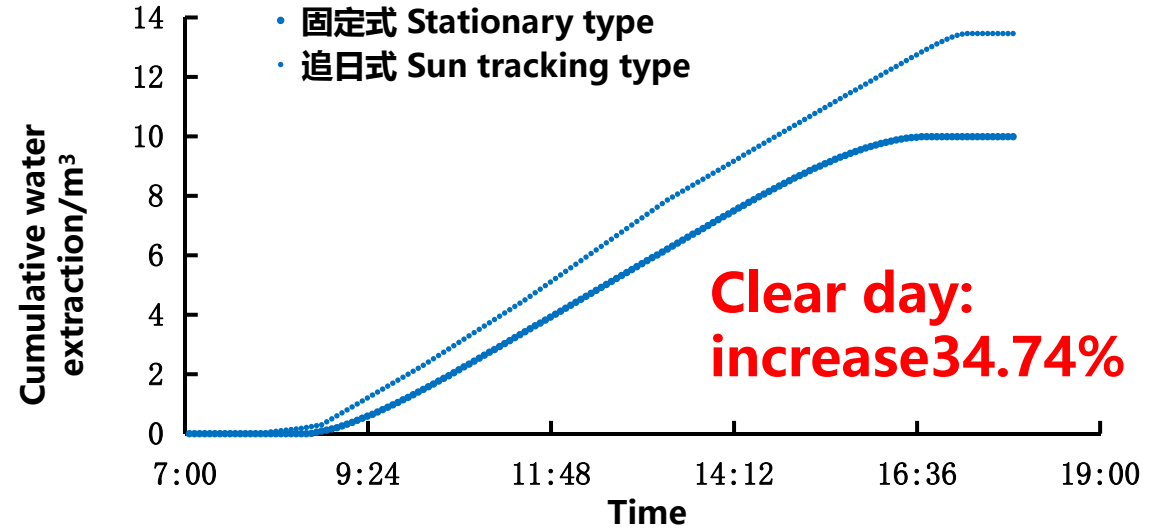
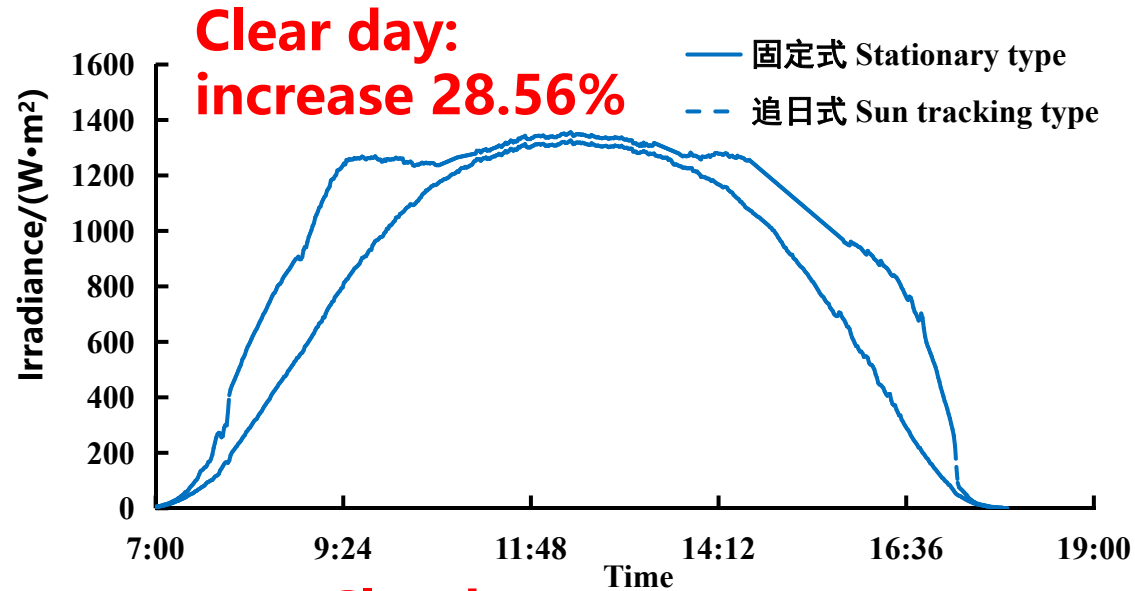
Float ball driving device



Structure diagram of multi-photovoltaic plate connection device

The principle of connecting pipe : multiple water tanks are connected to form an isobaric surface





5. Field application





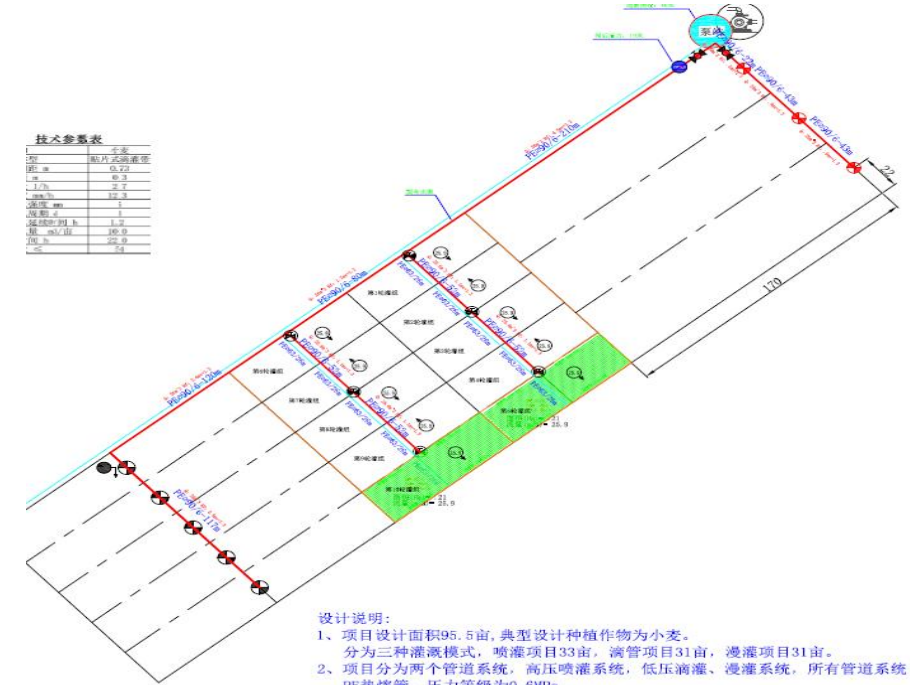
Centre pivot springkler irrigation



Line-moving springkler irrigation with solar-powered

- ✓ Suitable for densely planted crops (forage, wheat, corn, potatoes, vegetables, etc.)
- ✓ Water, fertilizer and pesticide integration
- ✓ Low energy consumption (20 m inlet pressure)
- ✓ High degree of automation and precision

- ✓ Automatic irrigation and fertilization
- ✓ Solar-driven sprinkler irrigation
- ✓ Low pressure drip irrigation
- ✓ field experiment



设计说明:
 1、项目设计面积95.5亩,典型设计种植作物为小麦。
 分为三种灌溉模式, 喷灌项目33亩, 滴灌项目31亩, 漫灌项目31亩。
 2、项目分为两个管道系统, 高压喷灌系统, 低压滴灌、漫灌系统, 所有管道系统PE热熔管, 压力等级为0.6MPa。
 3、滴灌系统采用自动反冲洗砂石+碟片过滤器
 施肥系统采用自动施肥机
 5、滴灌和漫灌采用自控化控制系统, 分为10个轮灌组, 每个轮灌组流量15.6方/时
 6、管道埋深在当地冻土层以下



Demonstration park of NR U-TIAME

6. Research prospect

Power requirement analysis

- ✓ Walk power on considering soil density, soil moisture, slope, barrier, weight, wheel type.
- ✓ Pump power on considering nozzle pressure, flow rate, working hour, pipe diameter and length.

Energy consumption optimization

- ✓ Minimize the energy consumption and meet crop water requirement.

Intelligent control

- ✓ Improve walk, start/stop, navigation function
- ✓ Remote control and real-time monitoring
- ✓ Variable rate irrigation and precise irrigation



Thank You

e-mail: dlzhu@126.com