### Cassava micro, OM, etc. fertilizer

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### 1.3 Table 7. Effect of K, Mg and S in Guangxi

| TM       | Fertilizer (kg/ha)  | Fresh yield (t/ha) | %<br>CK |
|----------|---|--------------------|---------|
| NP (CK)  | 150N, 67.5P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> .                                       | 25.4               |         |
| NP + KCl | 150N, 67.5P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> , 135K <sub>2</sub> O                   | 31.4               | 123.6   |
| NP + SPM | 150N, 67.5P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> , 135K <sub>2</sub> O<br>67.5Mg, 135.0S | 34.0               | 133.9   |

### 1.3 Table 8. Effect of K, Mg and S in Guangxi

| 1991                |                    | 1992 |                     |                    |  |
|---------------------|--------------------|------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| TM                  | Fresh yield (t/ha) |      | TM                  | Fresh yield (t/ha) |  |
| NP                  | 16.1               |      | NP                  | 8.4                |  |
| NPK <sub>1</sub>    | 20.9               |      | NPMg                | 9.5                |  |
| NPK <sub>1</sub> Mg | 23.7               |      | NPK <sub>1</sub>    | 17.6               |  |
| NPK <sub>2</sub>    | 23.7               |      | NPK <sub>1</sub> Mg | 18.7               |  |
| NPK <sub>2</sub> Mg | 27.8               |      |                     |                    |  |

## 1.4 Table 9. Micro nutrition in Hainan, 1992, 2006.

| Sample   | (me/] | 100g) | (ppm) |      |      |      |               |
|--|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|---------------|
|  | Ca    | Mg    | В     | Zn   | Mn   | Cu   | Fe            |
| NPK in 1992  | 0.65  | 0.11  | 0.30  | 0.52 | 20.0 | 0.32 | 18.0          |
| $N_0 P_0 K_0$ in 1997                                | 0.45  | 0.15  | 0.13  | 0.35 | 12.1 | 0.15 | 19.7          |
| $N_0 P_0 K_0$ in 2006                                | 0.35  | 0.09  | 0.26  | 0.63 | 16.1 | 0.11 | 15.2          |
| N <sub>3</sub> P <sub>3</sub> K <sub>3</sub> in 1995 | 0.66  | 0.10  | 0.23  | 0.58 | 14.5 | 0.18 | 15.6          |
| N <sub>3</sub> P <sub>3</sub> K <sub>3</sub> in 2002 | 0.74  | 0.14  | 0.50  | 0.71 | 13.0 | 0.12 | 13.7          |
| FPR in 1995  | 1.44  | 0.72  | 0.33  | 1.51 | 52.5 | 0.24 | 15.7          |
| FPR in 1999  | 1.01  | 0.35  | 0.62  | 1.14 | 45.8 | 0.26 | <b>24.6</b> 4 |

#### 1, Ca, Mg, Zn, Cu Nutrient Fertilizer:

- Some secondary-micro Nutrient Fertilizer trial was not good yield effect.
- Ca, Mg, Zn, Cu fertilizer trial on continuous cropping 15 yeas cassava in CATAS: Compare to without fertilizer (CK), Mg fertilizer increased 14.3% FRY and 10.6% SY when soil exchangeable Mg (12.2 mg/kg) was very low nutrition; but Ca, Zn and Cu fertilizer could not increased FRY and SC when soil exchangeable Ca (130.6 mg/kg), available Zn (0.74 mg/kg) and Cu (0.11 mg/kg) were low nutrition.
- According to the soil survey, soil exchangeable Mg were very low nutrition in many traditional cassava production area in Guangxi and Hainan Province, it need to apply Mg fertilizer. Soil exchangeable Ca, available Zn, Mn, Cu and B were very low or low nutrition on some cassava

  2012 after in Guangxi or Hainan Province, it needed to

pay attention.

### 1.5 Table 10. Bio-organic fertilizer in Nanning 2004-2005.

| Bio-organic fer. (kg/ha) | FY (t/ha) | SC (%) |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------|--|
| 0 (CK)                   | 28.6 eE   | 32.3   |  |
| 450                      | 31.0 dD   | 32.7   |  |
| 600                      | 45.0 bB   | 33.2   |  |
| 750                      | 50.0 aA   | 33.5   |  |
| 900                      | 35.3 cC   | 31.8   |  |

Note: Bio-organic fertilizer is organic matter≥25%, N+P2O5+K2O≥6%, amount of living effective bacteria≥ 20 million/g.

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# 1.6 Table 11. Different applied fertilizer time in Nanning 1997-1998.

| TM (% total fertilizer)                  | FY (t/ha) | SC (%) |  |
|--|-----------|--------|--|
| 50% Basic, 25% seeding, 25% expanding.   | 33.2bB    | 32.9   |  |
| 25% Basic, 50% seeding,<br>25% expanding | 42.4aA    | 31.9   |  |
| 25% Basic, 25% seeding, 50% expanding    | 30.2cC    | 28.2   |  |
| No fertilizer (CK)                       | 15.4dD    | 30.6   |  |

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- Ca, Mg, S, B, Zn and Cu: selected apply in some region according to local soil analysis.
- Apply suitable: SPM, Ca Mg of Phosphate,
   Bio-organic fertilizer in some years.
- Apply basic fertilizer: as early as apply fertilizer in seeding cassava period.

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#### 2, Returning Shattered Cassava Stalks on Field

 Appling shattered stalks significantly increased FRY than CK.

| D 11                 | FRY    |        | DW        |
|----------------------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Dry stalk<br>(kg/ha) | (t/ha) | of CK  | DM<br>(%) |
|                      |        | OI OII |           |
| 0 (CK)               | 34.6   |        | 39. 1     |
| 600                  | 43. 7* | 126. 0 | 38. 1     |
| 900                  | 40.0*  | 115.6  | 37. 2     |
| 1200                 | 41.8*  | 120.8  | 37. 4     |



### 5 Plant growth regulators

# Table 18. Effect of plant growth regulators in Nanning 1999 and 2000.

| plant growth regulators | Germination<br>after plant<br>(day) | Roots<br>/plant | FY<br>(t/ha) | SC<br>(%) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|
| Homobrassinolide        | 8                                   | 9.8             | 61.8aA       | 29.5      |
| Multi-effect-agent      | 9                                   | 9.6             | 61.1aA       | 29.3      |
| Ethrel                  | 11                                  | 8.5             | 55.0bB       | 31.4      |
| Multi-effect-triazole   | 11                                  | 8.3             | 54.1bB       | 30.8      |
| Pure water (CK)         | 12                                  | 7.8             | 50.7cB       | 28.6      |

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